Samolus parviflorus Raf.

water pimpernel
Theophrastaceae - joewood family
status: State Sensitive, BLM strategic
rank: G5 / S1

General Description: Adapted from Hickman (1993): Light green, hairless, clumping perennial with an erect stem 1.5-4 dm tall. Leaves alternate, 2-5 cm long, entire. Blades obovate to oblong-lanceolate, tips rounded, tapered at the base to a winged petiole.

Floral Characteristics: Inflorescence a terminal raceme. Pedicels horizontal to ascending, 1-2 cm long, with 1 small leafy bract. Flowers small, 5-parted. Calyx 1-2 mm long, with short, triangular, toothlike lobes. Corolla white, about 1.5 mm wide. Stamens 5, opposite corolla lobes. Ovary partly inferior. Blooms in late June in WA.

Fruits: 5-valved, spherical, about 2.5 mm wide.

Identification Tips: Samolus is not in Hitchcock & Cronquist (1973); there are no other species of the genus in WA. It can be distinguished by a combination of its partly inferior ovary, inflorescences in terminal racemes, and small flowers. Plants tend to form tight clumps or large patches.

Range: Widespread, from B.C. south to tropical South America, east to the southern central U.S., north through the eastern U.S. and eastern Canada.

Habitat/Ecology: Moist soils or wet rock along streams, in marshes, around lakes, and in seepage areas, generally below 1300 m (5000 ft). In WA it has been found only on sandy and rocky freshwater intertidal beaches along the lower Columbia River. Associated species include Lyngbye's sedge (Carex lyngbyei), tufted hairgrass (Deschampsia cespitosa), Douglas aster (Symphyotrichum subspicatum var. subspicatum), reed canarygrass (Phalaris arundinacea), common rush (Juncus effusus), and forget-me-not (Myosotis spp.).

Comments: The few occurrences and limited range in WA contribute to this species' status. Dumping of dredge spoils may be a threat. Hydropower development along the Columbia River has limited potential habitat. This taxon is also rare in UT and several eastern states and Canadian provinces.

References: Hickman 1993; Rickett 1971.





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